



NatureServe Climate Change Vulnerability Index (Release 2.01)
Nevada Results as of January 30, 2012

For questions, comments, or more information contact:
Kristin Szabo, Nevada Natural Heritage Program
kszabo@heritage.nv.gov or 775-684-2901

Taxonomic Group	Species	English Name	Range Rel.*	Cave/GW	GRank	SRank	Temperature Scope							Hamon AET:PET Moisture Metric Scope										Natl barriers	Anth barriers	CC mitigation	Dispersal/Movement	historical thermal niche	physiological thermal niche	historical hydrological niche	physiological hydrological niche	Disturbance	Ice/snow	Phys habitat	Other spp for hab	Diet	Other spp disp	Other spp interaction	Genetic var	Gen bottleneck	Phenol response	Doc response	Modeled change	Modeled overlap	Protected Areas	Index	Conf.
							A >5.5F	A 5.1F	A 4.5F	< -0.119	-0.119	-0.096	-0.073	-0.05	> -0.028	B2a	B2b	B3	C1	C2ai	C2aii	C2bi	C2bii																								
Mammal	<i>Sorex palustris</i>	water shrew	Southern edge of range		G5	S2	70	20	10	0	15	60	15	10	0	Inc	N	N	N	N-SD	N	SI-N	Inc	SI	N	SD	N	N	N	N	N	U	U	U	U	SI	U	U	U	MV	VH						
Mammal	<i>Zapus princeps</i>	western jumping mouse	Southern edge of range		G5	S2	34	33	33	0	10	75	10	5	0	SI	N	N	N	N-SD	N	N-SD	Inc	SI	N	SD	N	N	N	N	N	U	U	U	U	SI	U	U	U	PS	Mod						
Mammal	<i>Lasiurus blossevillii</i>	western red bat	Northern edge of range		G5	S1	10	45	45	0	10	15	25	40	10	N	N	SI	Dec	SD	N	GI-Inc	SI	SI	N	SD	N	N	N	N	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	PS	VH							
Mammal	<i>Myotis ciliolabrum</i>	western small-footed myotis	Entire range		G5	S3	35	40	25	0	10	40	15	25	10	N	N	SI	Dec	SD	N	N	N	N	SI	N	N	N	N	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	PS	VH								
Mammal	<i>Lasiurus xanthinus</i>	western yellow bat	Northern edge of range		G5	S1	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	N	N	SI-N	Dec	SD	N	GI	N	N	N	SD	GI-Inc	N	N	N	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	PS	VH							
Mammal	<i>Lepus townsendi</i>	white-tailed jackrabbit	Southern edge of range		G5	S5	40	20	40	0	10	70	15	5	0	N	N	N	SD	N	N	N	N	SI	N	SD	N	N	N	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	PS	VH								
Mammal	<i>Spermophilus elegans nevadensis</i>	Wyoming ground squirrel	Southern edge of range		G5T4	S4	50	50	0	0	10	75	15	0	0	N	N	N	N	N	N	SI-N	N	N	N	SD	N	N	N	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	PS	VH								

*Range Rel. = the relationship of the assessment area (i.e., Nevada) to the species' entire range.

Factor Scores:

- GI - Greatly Increase Vulnerability
- Inc - Increase Vulnerability
- SI - Somewhat Increase Vulnerability
- N - Neutral
- SD - Somewhat Decrease Vulnerability
- Dec - Decrease Vulnerability

Color coding:

- Used to highlight the most important factors contributing to climate change vulnerability.
- Red - Highest importance in increasing vulnerability
- Orange - Moderate Importance in increasing vulnerability
- Green - Contributes to decrease in vulnerability

Index Scores:

- EV - Extremely Vulnerable: Abundance and/or range extent within geographical area assessed extremely likely to substantially decrease or disappear by 2050.
- HV - Highly Vulnerable: Abundance and/or range extent within geographical area assessed likely to decrease significantly by 2050.
- MV - Moderately Vulnerable: Abundance and/or range extent within geographical area assessed likely to decrease by 2050.
- PS - Not Vulnerable/Presumed Stable: Available evidence does not suggest that abundance and/or range extent within the geographical area assessed will change (increase/decrease) substantially by 2050. Actual range boundaries may change.
- IL - Not Vulnerable/Increase Likely: Available evidence suggests that abundance and/or range extent within geographical area assessed

Confidence (in species information):

- VH - Very High confidence
- High - High confidence
- Mod - Moderate confidence
- Low - Low confidence