



NatureServe Climate Change Vulnerability Index (Release 2.01)
Nevada Results as of January 30, 2012

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Taxonomic Group	Species	English Name	Range Rel.*	Cave/GW	GRank	SRank	Temperature Scope									Hamon AET:PET Moisture Metric Scope																Index	Conf.										
							A >5.5F	A 5.1F	A 4.5F	< -0.119	-0.119	-0.096	-0.073	-0.05	> -0.028	B2a	B2b	B3	Dispersal/Movement	historical thermal niche	physiological thermal niche	historical hydrological niche	physiological hydrological niche	Disturbance	Ice/snow	Phys habitat	Other spp for hab	Diet	Other spp disp	Other spp interaction	Genetic var			Gen bottleneck	Phenol response	Doc response	Modeled change	Modeled overlap	Protected Areas				
Bird	<i>Pipilo aberti</i>	Abert's towhee	Northern edge of range		G3G4	S3	0	90	10	0	0	0	0	10	90	N	N	N	Dec	N	N	GI-Inc	N	N	N	SD	N	N	N	N	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	IL	VH
Bird	<i>Sayornis nigricans</i>	black phoebe	Northern edge of range		G5	S4	10	60	30	0	0	5	10	35	50	N	N	N	Dec	SD	N	Inc	SI	N	N	SD	N	N	N	N	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	IL	VH
Bird	<i>Toxostoma crissale</i>	Crissal thrasher	Northern edge of range		G5	S3	0	85	15	0	0	0	0	10	90	N	N	Inc	Dec	SD	N	Inc	N	N	N	SD	N	N	N	N	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	IL	VH
Mammal	<i>Lasiurus cinereus</i>	hoary bat	East/west edge of range		G5	S3	25	50	25	0	10	40	15	25	10	N	N	Inc	Dec	SD	N	N	N	N	SD	N	N	N	N	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	IL	VH	
Mammal	<i>Myotis evotis</i>	long-eared myotis	Center of range		G5	S4	35	40	25	0	10	40	15	25	10	N	N	N	Dec	N-SD	N	SD	N	N	N	SD	N	N	N	N	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	IL	VH	
Mammal	<i>Myotis lucifugus</i>	little brown bat	Southern edge of range		G5	S3	33	33	34	0	10	50	15	25	0	N	N	SI	Dec	N-SD	N	SI-N	N	N	N	SD	N	N	N	N	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	IL	Mod	
Mammal	<i>Myotis thysanodes</i>	fringed myotis	Center of range		G4G5	S2	10	70	20	0	5	10	25	50	10	N	N	SI	Dec	SD	N	SI	N	N	N	SD	N	N	N	N	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	IL	VH	

*Range Rel. = the relationship of the assessment area (i.e., Nevada) to the species' entire range.

Factor Scores:

- GI - Greatly Increase Vulnerability
- Inc - Increase Vulnerability
- SI - Somewhat Increase Vulnerability
- N - Neutral
- SD - Somewhat Decrease Vulnerability
- Dec - Decrease Vulnerability

Color coding:

- Used to highlight the most important factors contributing to climate change vulnerability.
- Red - Highest importance in increasing vulnerability
- Orange - Moderate Importance in increasing vulnerability
- Green - Contributes to decrease in vulnerability

Index Scores:

- EV - Extremely Vulnerable: Abundance and/or range extent within geographical area assessed extremely likely to substantially decrease or disappear by 2050.
- HV - Highly Vulnerable: Abundance and/or range extent within geographical area assessed likely to decrease significantly by 2050.
- MV - Moderately Vulnerable: Abundance and/or range extent within geographical area assessed likely to decrease by 2050.
- PS - Not Vulnerable/Presumed Stable: Available evidence does not suggest that abundance and/or range extent within the geographical area assessed will change (increase/decrease) substantially by 2050. Actual range boundaries may change.
- IL - Not Vulnerable/Increase Likely: Available evidence suggests that abundance and/or range extent within geographical area assessed

Confidence (in species information):

- VH - Very High confidence
- High - High confidence
- Mod - Moderate confidence
- Low - Low confidence