rev. WXP-2005-09

NEVADA NATIVE SPECIES SITE SURVEY REPORT

SEND TO: NEVADA NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM, 901 South Stewart Street, suite 5002, Carson City, NV 89701-5245

(775) 684-2900

	OFFICE USE ONLY
PLEASE ENTER ALL INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO YOU.	D-f C-1-/ID: C ID:
USE THE BACK FOR COMMENTS IF NECESSARY. PLEASE	Highest Code/II): H() II) or #
INCLUDE GPS DATA, AND/OR ATTACH PRECISE MAP. Sensitive	Copies Sent to:
G. (C.) Colorosostus coblescori Heil O Michele	ar nachunodus Expert
Scientific name (no codes): Sclerocactus schlesseri Heil & Welsh v	
(incl. e-mail if any): G. Round Walker (g_round_walker@surveys	s.nv.gov) Phone: (_555_) _555-5555 x555
Address: Department of Field Surveys, 1551 E. College Pkwy, suite 136, Carson City NV 89706-7921 Museum/ NSMC.	
Date of Survey: 20 Apr day month 2005 County: White Pine (NV) and Juab (UT) Collection # 15268 Herb.: UNLV, RENO	
G g DATUM (NAD27 preferred, or NAD83, WGS84, other): NAD27 NAD27 Projection/units (UTM Zone-11/meters preferred, decimal-degrees, dms, or other; specify any non-standard parameters): UTM Zone-11/meters	
S	
LOCATION DESCRIPTION (please include or attach GPS coordinates and/or a precise map, showing species boundaries/points and routes/areas searched): Kern	
Mountains, Snake Valley drainage, 44.7 road miles east of U.S. Highway 93 on road to Gandy, 4.3 air miles	
S42°E of Mollytop Mountain summit, starting at 4105366mN, 689881mE (see attached GPS polygon data).	
Map and/or GPS data estimated to depict true locations to within ±15	on the ground, and/or ± n/a mm/in on paper map.
Map Name: Mollytop Mountain Field #	5 T 14N R 54W se 1/4 of ne 1/4 Sect. 12
scale=1: 24,000 Elevation: 6270 to 6320 ± 10	m/ft T 14N R 53W sw ¼ of nw ¼ Sect. 7
Observed Area or Length Occupied: ~100x150 ft area, ~0.3 acre	Land Manager: BLM; some observed on adjacent private land
Extent of occurrence completely surveyed (Yes/No/Unknown)?: Yes if No, about: n/a % of potentia surveyed	
Is this a new location record (Yes/No/Unknown)?: a subsequent vi	isit?: yes Compared to last visit: more X same fewer
# of individuals / stems: 132 census methods (if zero, reason): direct count	
# of colonies / genets: 4 if different, explain: variety spreads by rhizomes; 4 major aggregations of stems seen	
Does this population occur naturally at this site (Yes/No/Partially/Unknown)?: Yes	Is this population re-introduced (Yes/No/Partially/Unknown)?: No
	budding 35 % flowering 15 % fruiting 0 % seeding
Age Structure (all): 2 % senescent 95 % adult/mature 3	% juvenile
Site Functions/Uses (animals): breeding foraging wintering	roosting denning migrating other
INTERACTIONS (disease, predation, competition, parasitism, symbiosis, pollination, hybridization, dispersal, etc.): 3 dead plants appear to have been flooded; prefers shelter of shrubs; hummingbirds and beetles observed visiting flowers.	
been needed, prefers sticker of stillups, hullillingbilds and beetles observed visiting newels.	
HABITAT DESCRIPTION (dominant species, associates, other rare species, moisture, substrate/soils, aspect/slope, light, air/water temperature, time, weather, etc.): Grayia spinosa/Artemisia nova shrub vegetation with Pleuraphis jamesii, etc. (see attached supplemental list); biological soil crust well-developed. Astragalus uncialis occurs 0.6 miles to NW. Dry, sporadically flooded, open silty flats underlain by ashy lacustrine beds. 10:00-11:00 am, cloudless, air about 65°F.	
CURRENT SITE USE / Visible Disturbances and Impacts / Possible Threats: Open public land, lightly grazed except near fence; fenced private land used as equipment yard / road along S edge of patch, power line and maintenance road through middle, fence on east side; vulnerable to road/fence maintenance, ORVs, private development.	
Overall Occurrence Quality: Excellent X Good Fair	Poor (consider size, viability, condition, and landscape context)
COMMENTS ON QUALITY: Public-land side of population in exc	
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SHOULD/COULD THIS SITE BE PROTECTED? How?: Yes, because of overall rarity and vulnerability of taxon, by appropriate fencing and/or barrier placement, minerals withdrawal, and best management practices.	
OTHER COMMENTS: Plants at this site seemed somewhat more robust than average for the taxon; area received heavy rain and some sheet flooding during previous year.	
	100 % certain. PHOTOGRAPHS (check all applicable):
Keyed in reference: Heil and Porter (1994) revision of <i>Sclero</i>	
Compared w/photo/drawing in: (same as above)	
Compared with specimen at: University of Nevada, Reno, Herba	
By another person (include below; name): J. Danforth Expert	X Habitat or site Print
By personal knowledge (yes/no): Yes, from previous surveys of s	Attached (Yes/No)? Yes Other
Other:	May we obtain copies at our cost? n/a

OTHER KNOWLEDGEABLE PEOPLE (Name / Address / Phone / E-mail): M. Hay Bailer (field assistant), address and phone as above (M_Hay_Bailer@surveys.nv.gov); J. Danforth Expert, 145 Cherry St, Summerville IN 99504, (555) 555-5555 x5555 (dannyx@big.net)